



Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Based Metabolomics in Patients with Rheumatoid Arthritis

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What is Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)?

- Rheumatoid arthritis (RA); is an inflammatory autoimmune disease that is common in the population and is characterized by painful and swollen joints that seriously affect physical function and quality of life.



Characteristics of RA

- Symptoms such as pain, swelling and limitation of movement in the musculoskeletal system are frequently encountered in patients with RA. Besides these; Patients with RA are much more prone to various diseases than the normal population. (1)



Diagnosing RA

- The clinic of the patients has a very important place in the diagnosis of RA. Along with the clinic, X-ray and ultrasound (USG) images and laboratory results of the patients help to diagnose, further investigations are needed since RA is thought to be a genetically based disease.

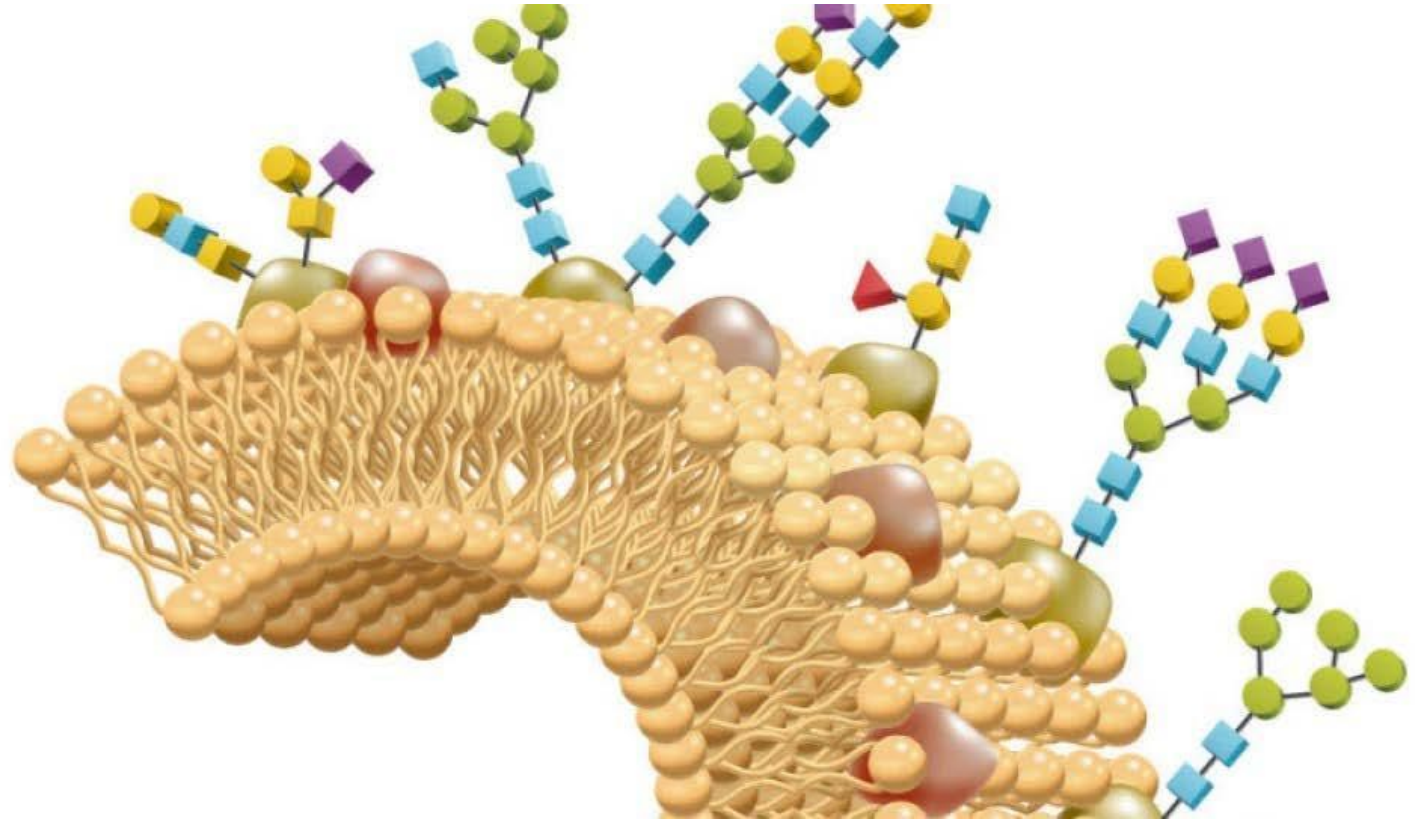


What is Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)

- Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) is a very useful method in terms of examining and studying normal and pathological biochemical processes in tissues (2). With this; The ability to examine molecules at the nuclear level with NMR allows a better understanding of the basis of many diseases.



Metabolomics



The detailed study of substrates, products, intermediates or small molecules ($MW < 1000-1500$) such as monosaccharides, Amino acids and Organic acids in metabolic reactions in an organism is called "metabolomics".



Hypothesis

- There could be some different types of metabolites between urine sample of a healthy person and urine sample of a RA patient.

Aim

- The aim of this study was, to determine different types of metabolites between urine sample of a healthy person and urine sample of a RA patient.
- To work on the blood serums, proteins must be precipitated which may cause loss of metabolites. Therefore, the literature recommends working on urine samples.

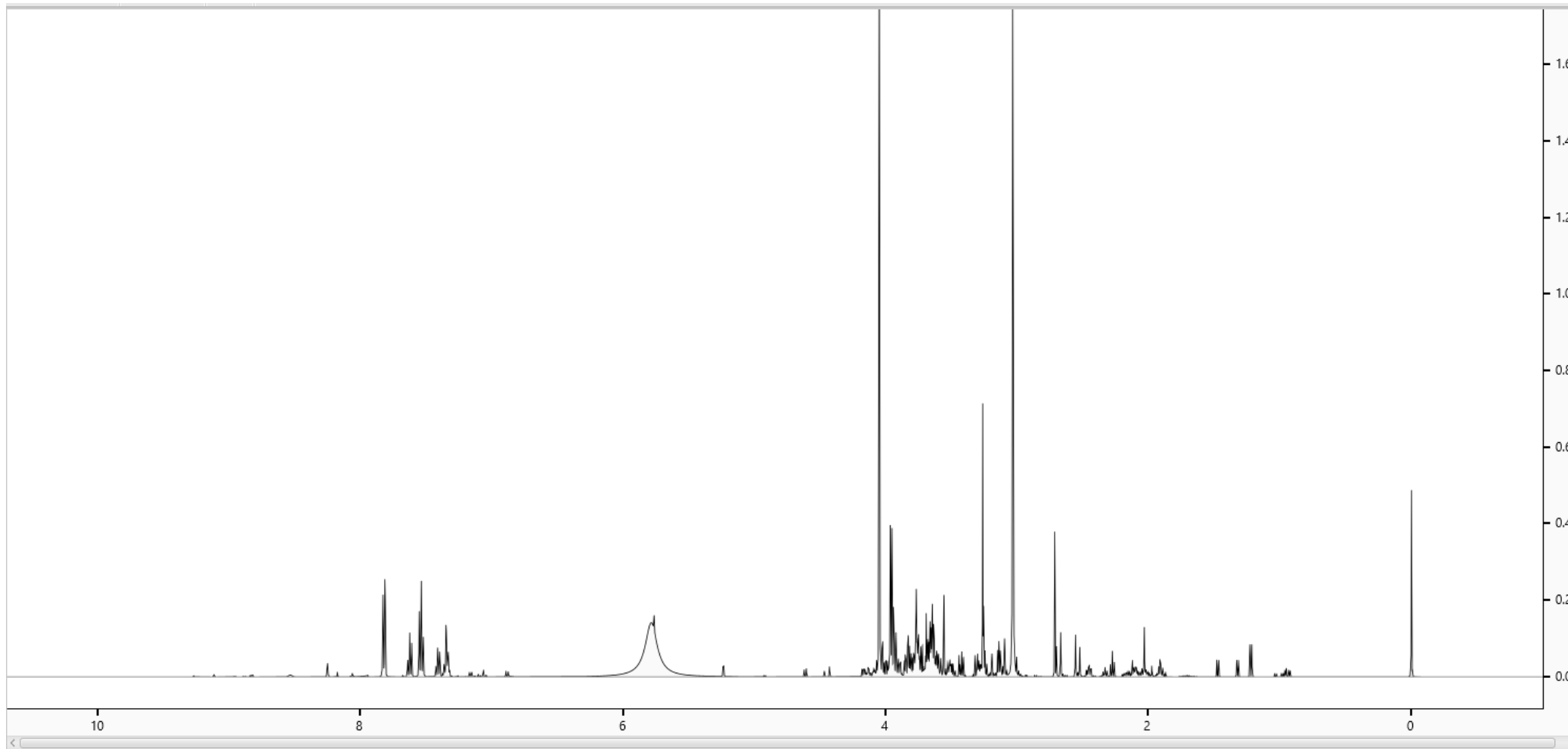


Materials and Method

- In order to do that, 120 urine samples were collected from healthy people and 120 urine samples were collected from RA patients as well.
- Then, urine samples were prepared for NMR analysis, phosphate buffer (for pH), D2O and internal standard (final concentration 250 μ M DSS) were added to each sample and put into NMR tubes.

Materials and Method

- 1D NOESY proton NMR was studied on the 500 MHz NMR device in our Bezmialem Vakif University ILMER center.
- The quantity and identity characterization of the molecules obtained with 1D NOESY was revealed using the Chenomx NMR suite profesinals program.



Find in Table (Ctrl+L)

Compound Name	Concentration (mM)	Maximum (mM)			Match Factor	Weight (Da)	Author	Area (sa)
Alanine	0.1384	0.1212			99.22	89.0932	Chenomx Inc.	0.1455
Betaine	0.0989	0.3428			55.41	117.1463	Chenomx Inc.	0.2910
Citrate	0.6392	0.6443			96.73	192.1235	Chenomx Inc.	0.6423
Creatine	0.2373	0.2441			81.23	131.1332	Chenomx Inc.	0.3305
Creatine phosphate	0.5343	1.2342			98.76	211.1131	Chenomx Inc.	0.6678
Creatinine	8.3709	7.4867			99.76	113.1179	Chenomx Inc.	10.5931
Dimethylamine	0.3403	0.3400			99.74	45.0837	Chenomx Inc.	0.3776

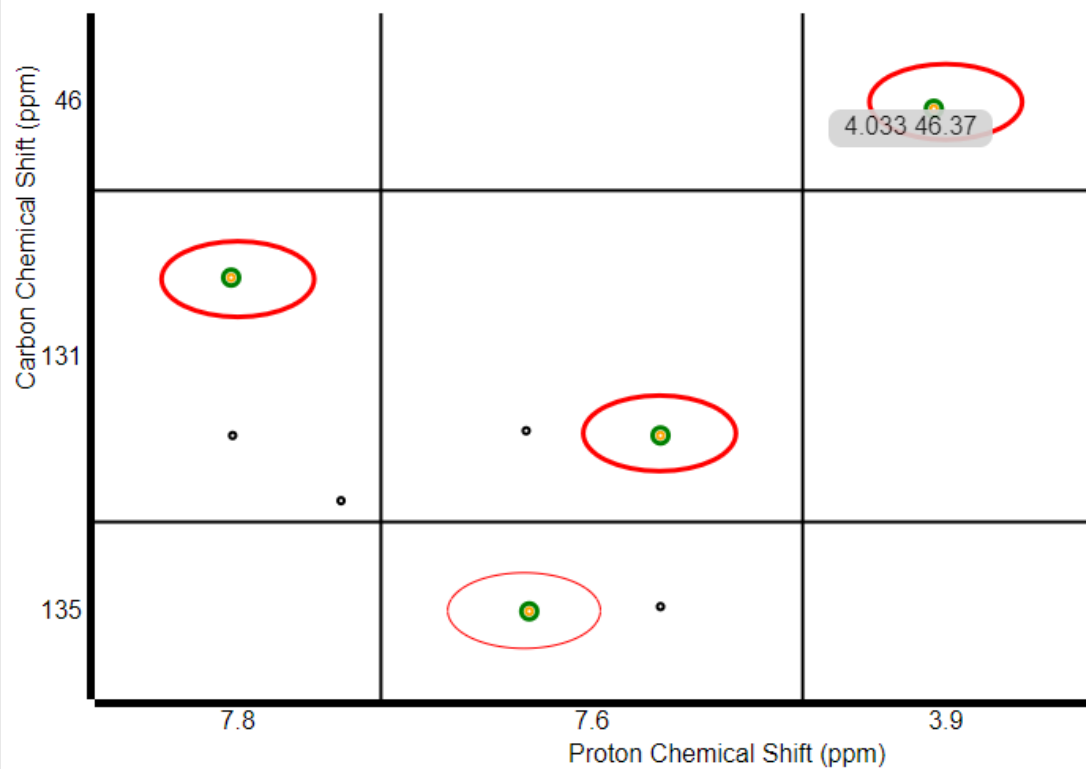
Show detail of one matched spin-system: Hippuric_acid

For compound Hippuric_acid, matching ratio is 1.00 ,carbon rmsd is 0.04 proton rmsd is 0.005 User_selected is not processed yet

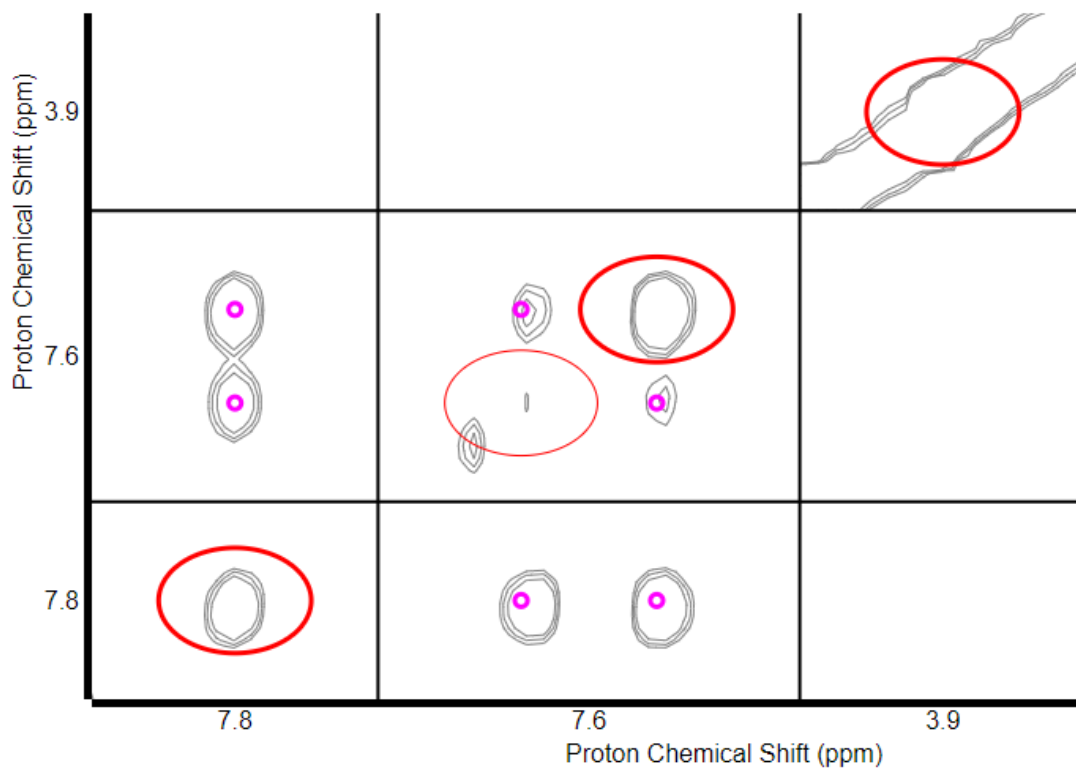
Index	database 1H	database 13C	exp 1H	exp 13C	Sharing	intensity	
0	3.94	46.50	3.95	46.57		4.031e+10	4.031e+10
1	7.81	129.87	7.81	129.85		7.033e+10	7.033e+10
2	7.53	131.50	7.53	131.52		7.603e+10	7.603e+10
3	7.62	134.90	7.62	134.91	29 29	4.138e+10	4.138e+10

○ Data base peak
 ○ Matched experimental peak
 ○ Expected cross peaks

HSQC Lowest contour level: =105559260462.64



TOCSY Lowest contour level: =68437243519.78

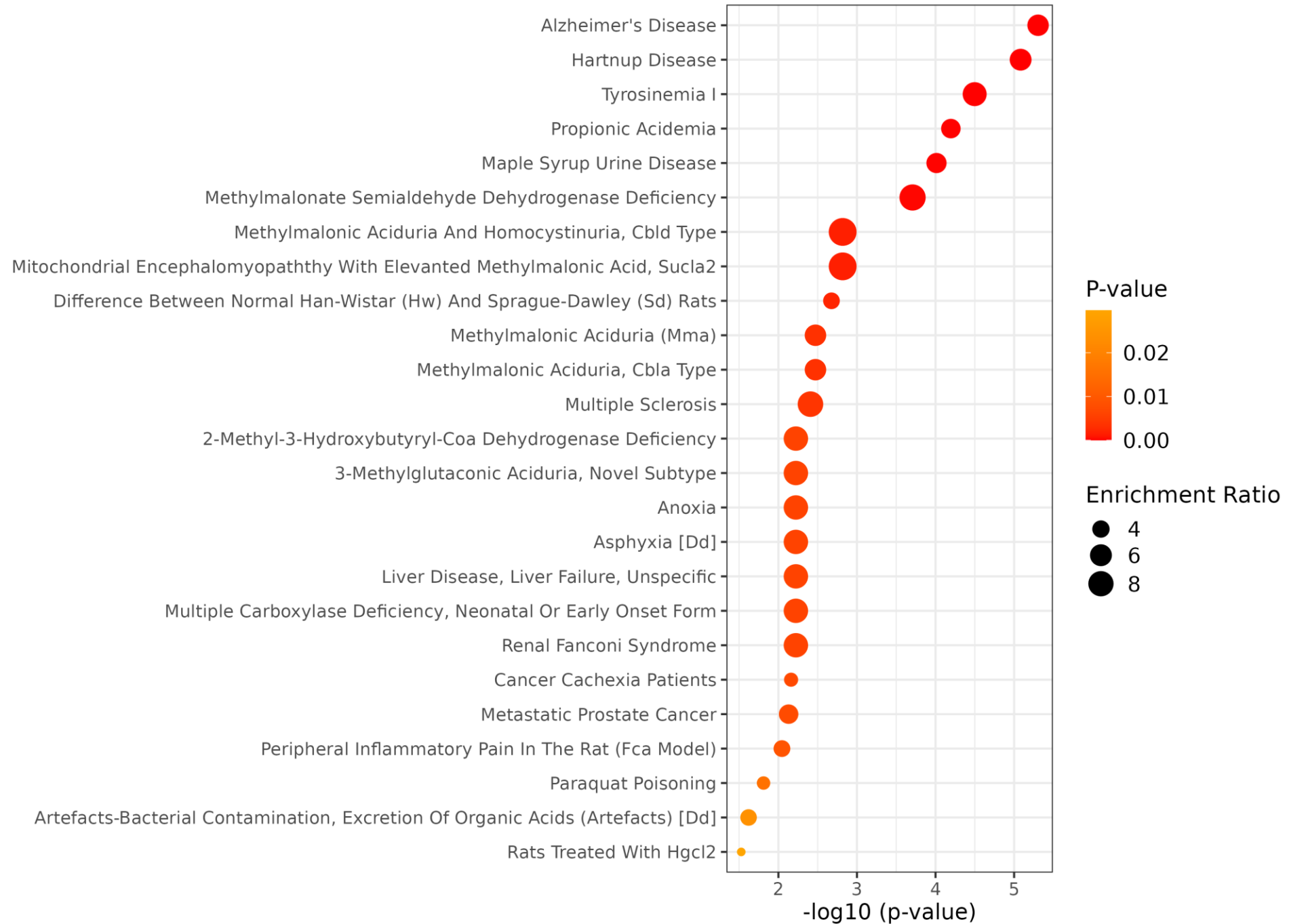


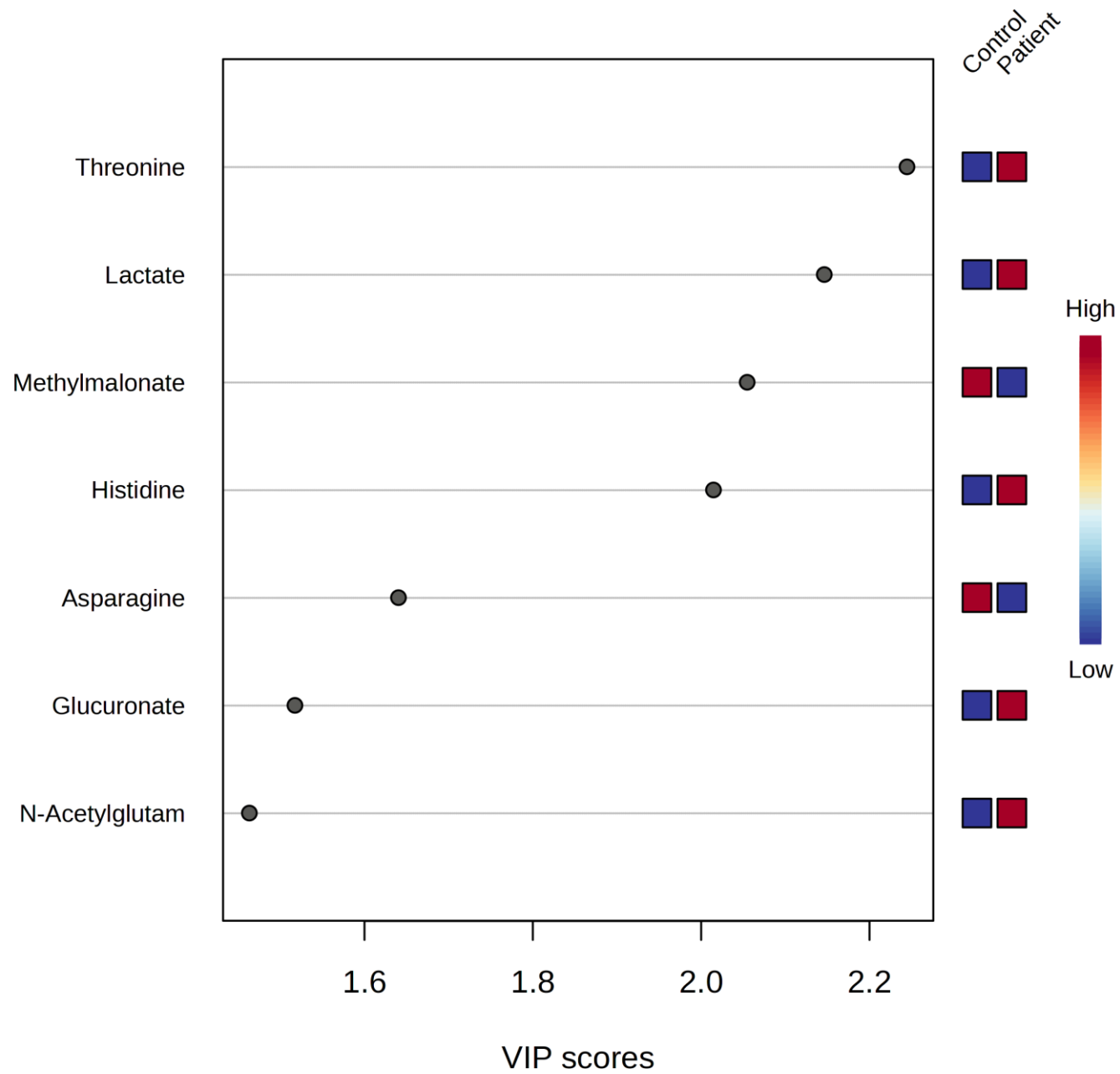


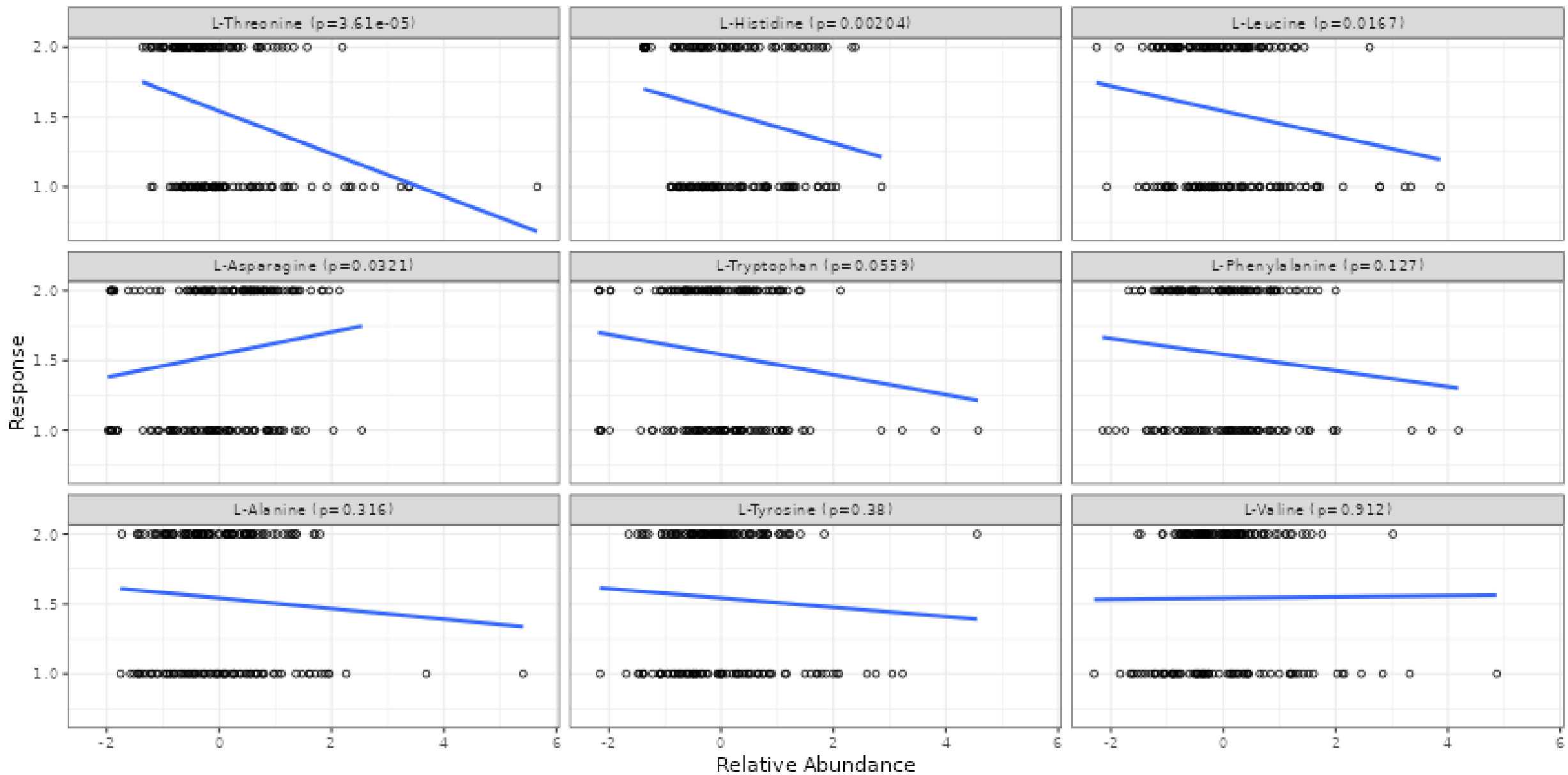
RESULTS



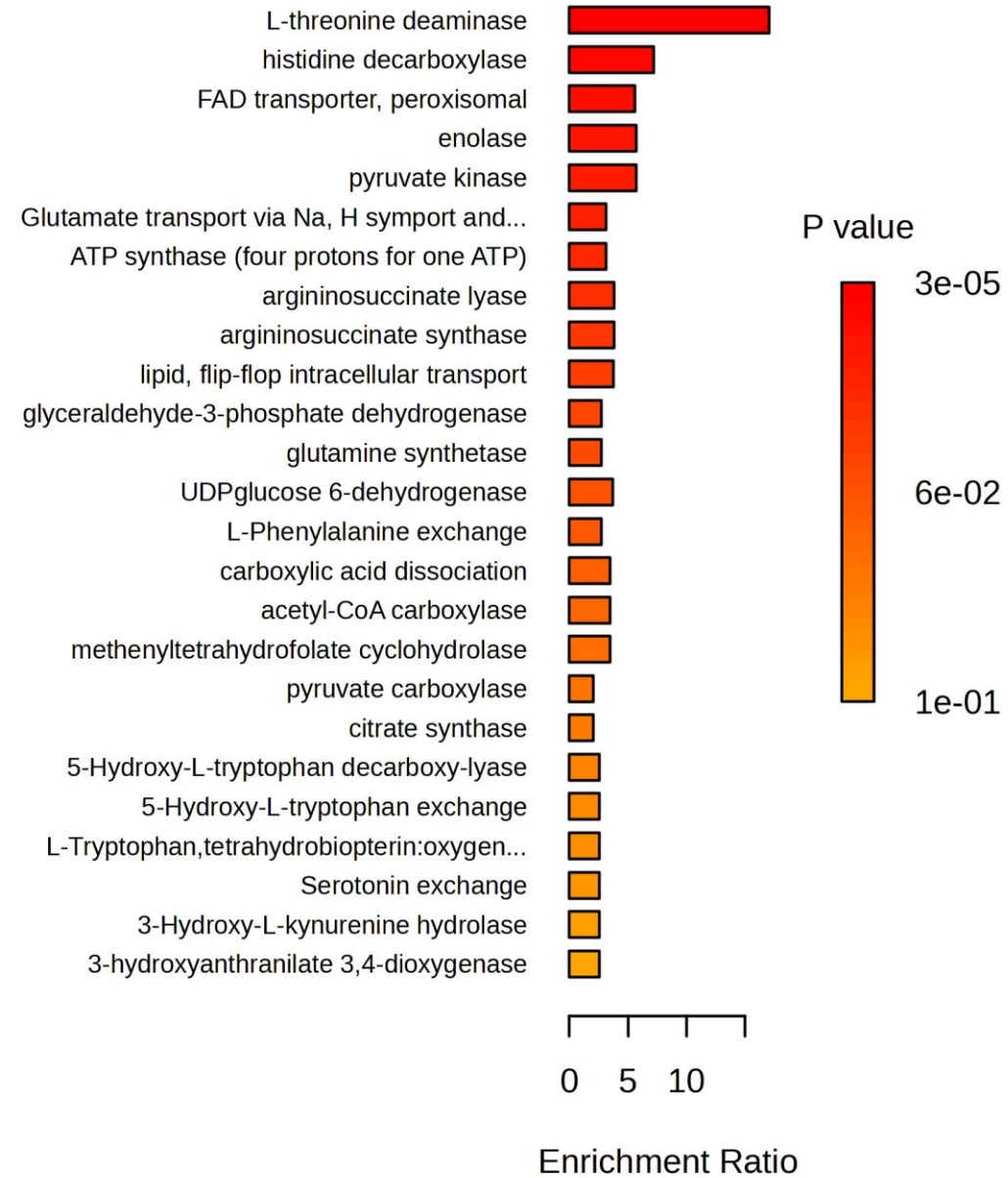
Overview of Enriched Metabolite Sets (Top 2)







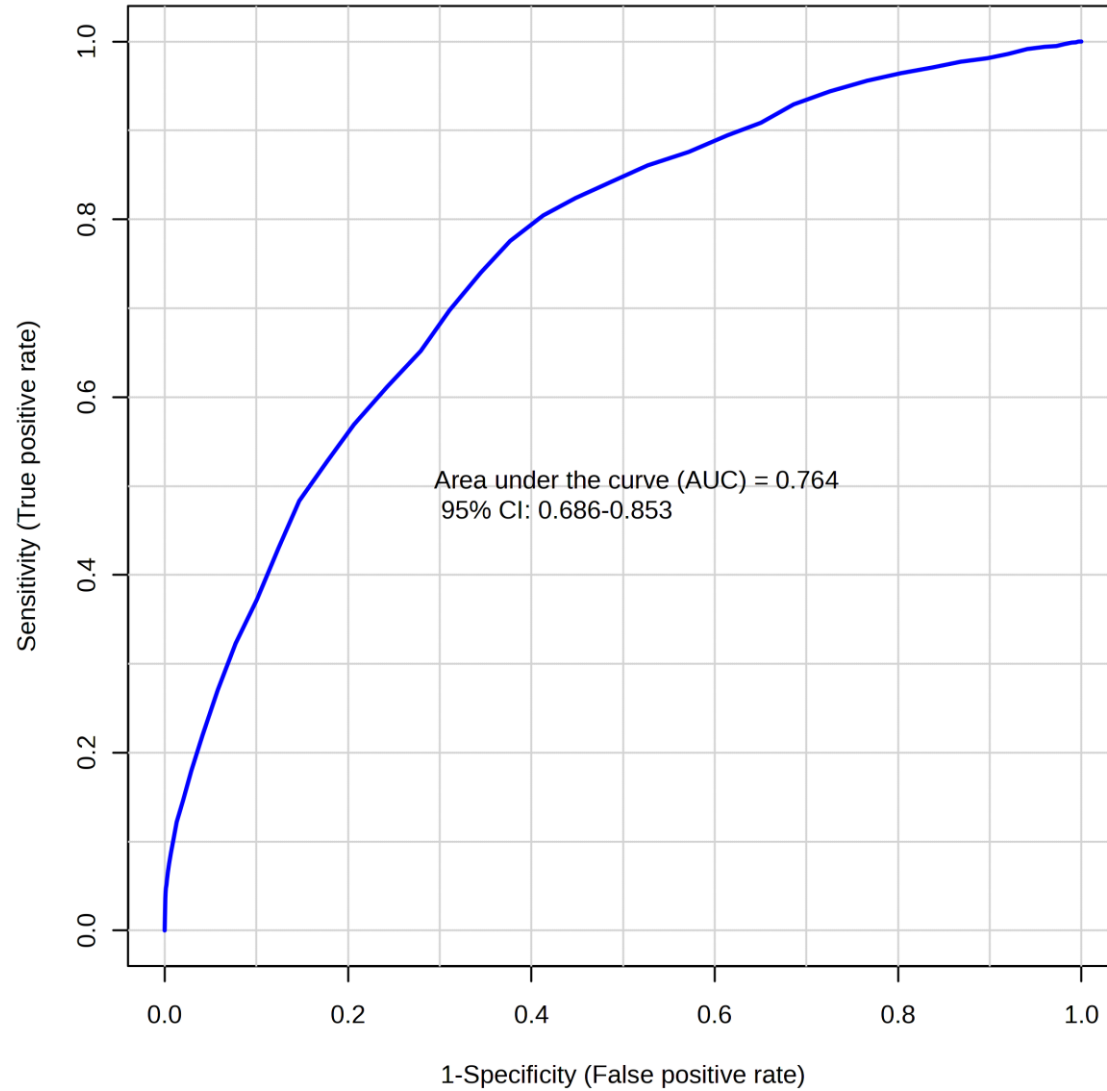
Enrichment Overview (top 25)



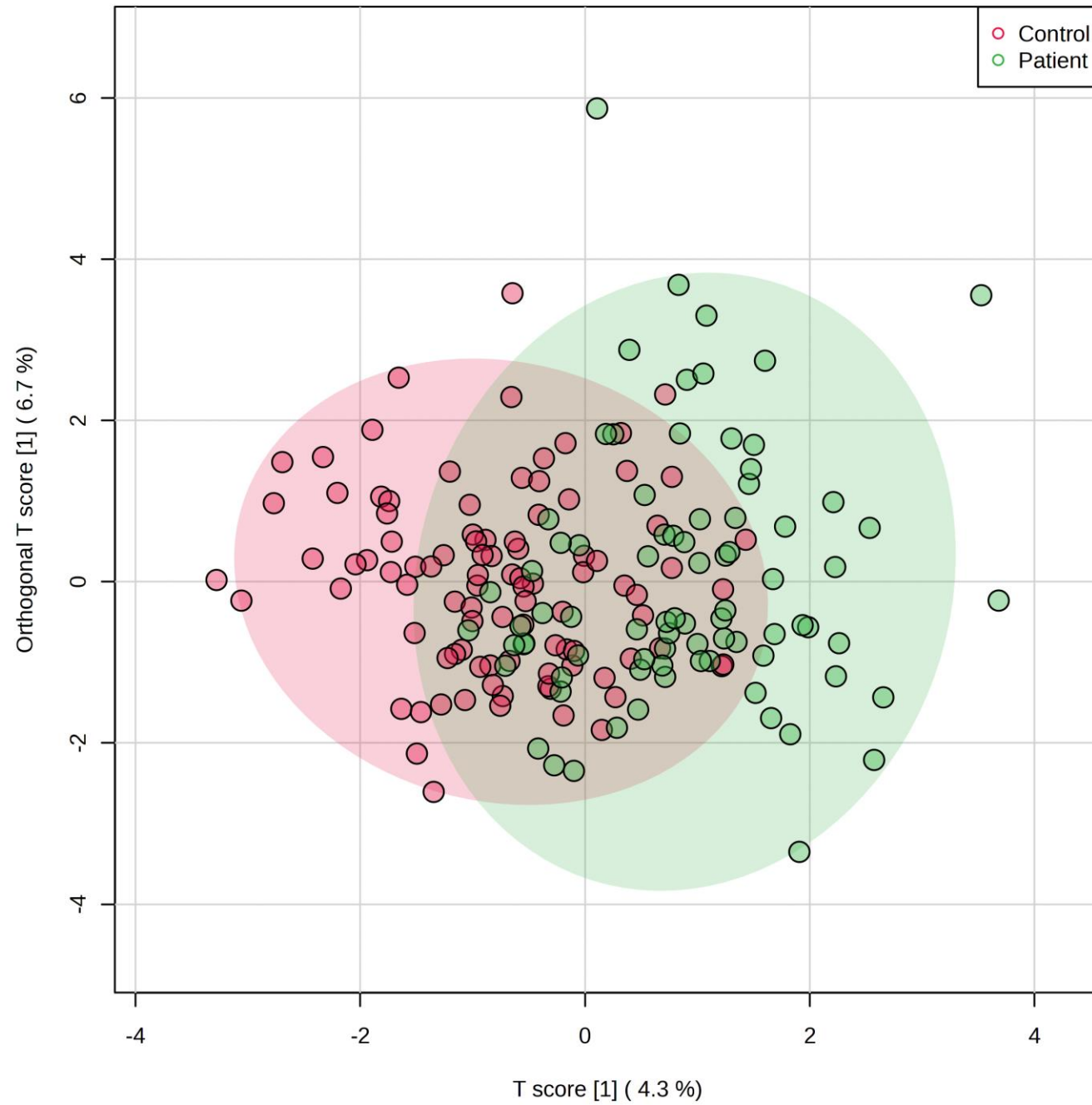
BIOMARKER?

ROC analysis on selected features

Threonine
Histidine
Acetate
Methylmalonate
N-Acetylglutamine
Asparagine
Lactate



Scores Plot



Conclusion and Future Directions

- In this study, some significant metabolites were found different clearly between urines of RA patients and healthy people.
- In further studies, those metabolites can be examined specifically, to understand if they are effective on diagnosing and treating RA patients earlier.



TÜBİTAK

**ÜNİVERSİTE ÖĞRENCİLERİ
ARAŞTIRMA PROJELERİ DESTEĞİ
ÇAĞRI DUYURUSU**

2209 -A

**Bilim İnsanı Destek Programları Başkanlığı
BİDEB**

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Acknowledgements

- Şahabettin SELEK, MD
- Teoman AYDIN, MD



*Thank you for
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